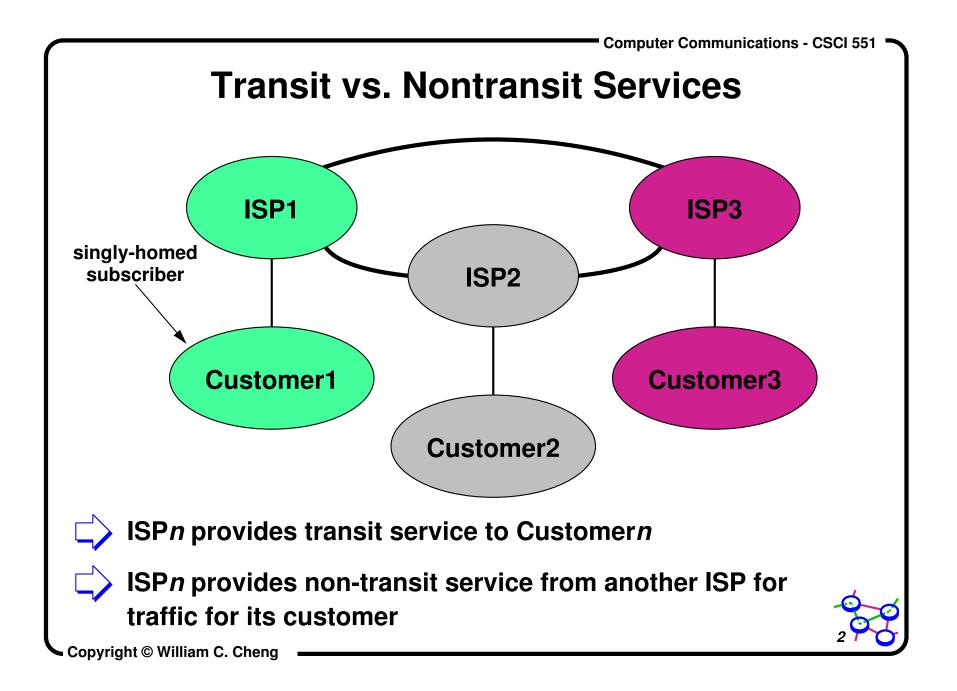
# CS551 Multi-homing in BGP

# **Bill Cheng**

http://merlot.usc.edu/cs551-f12



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# **Multi-homing**

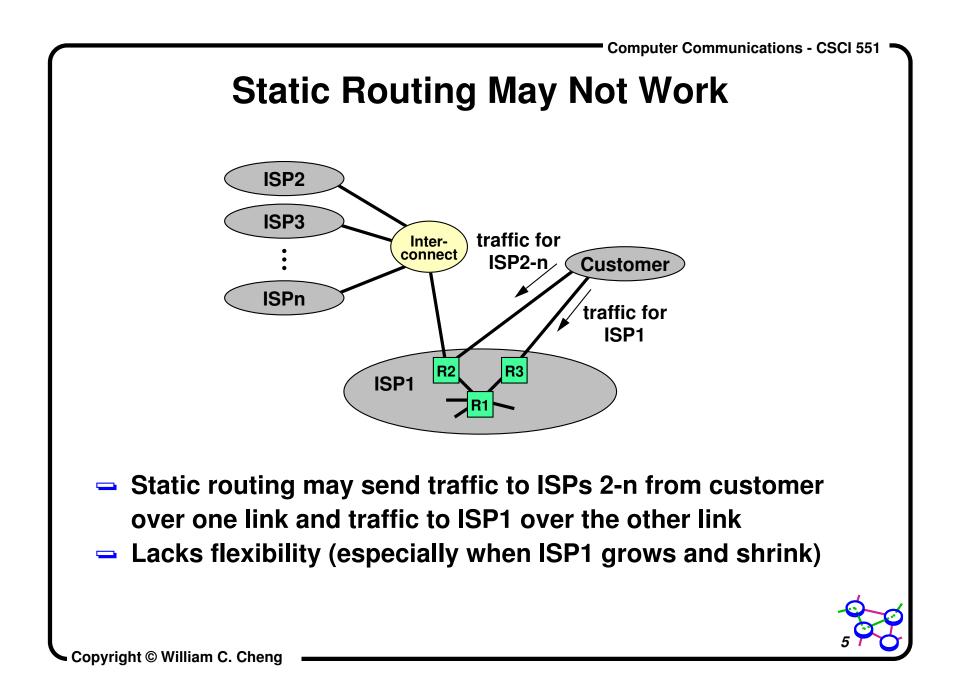
- With multi-homing, a single network has more than one connections to the Internet
- > Improves reliability and performance:
  - 🛥 can accommodate link failure
  - bandwidth is sum of links to Internet
- Multiple connections provide *load sharing* but *not* load balancing
  - BGP cannot do load balancing

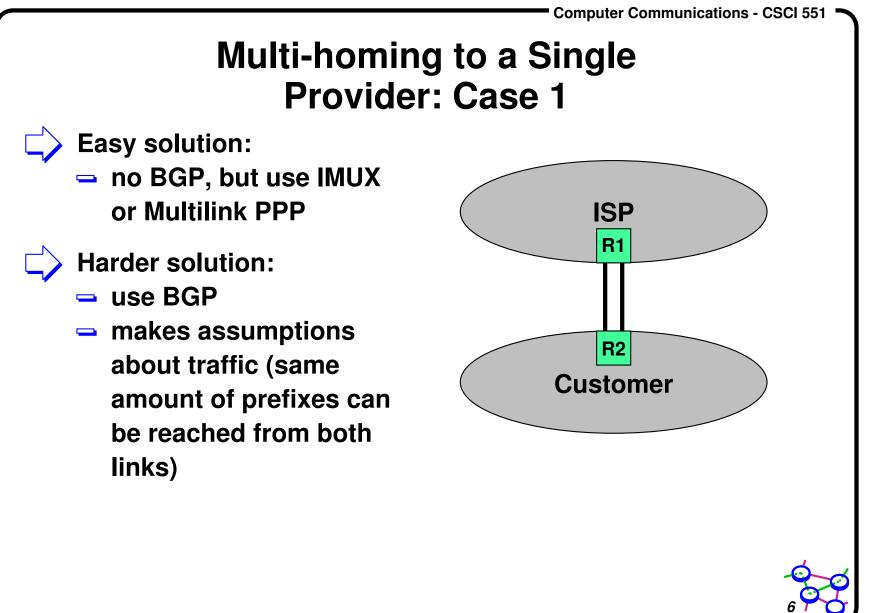
# **Issues With Multi-homing**

> Symmetric routing

- while conventional wisdom prefers symmetric paths, many are asymmetric
- Packet re-ordering
  - may trigger TCP's fast retransmit algorithm
- Other concerns:
  - addressing, DNS, aggregation
- Note: using BGP in multi-homing situation is not an off-the-shelf use of the protocol

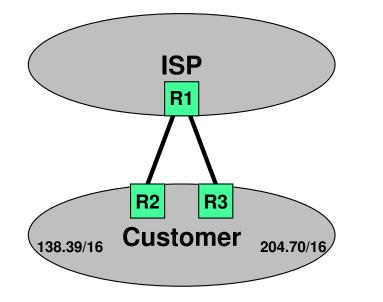


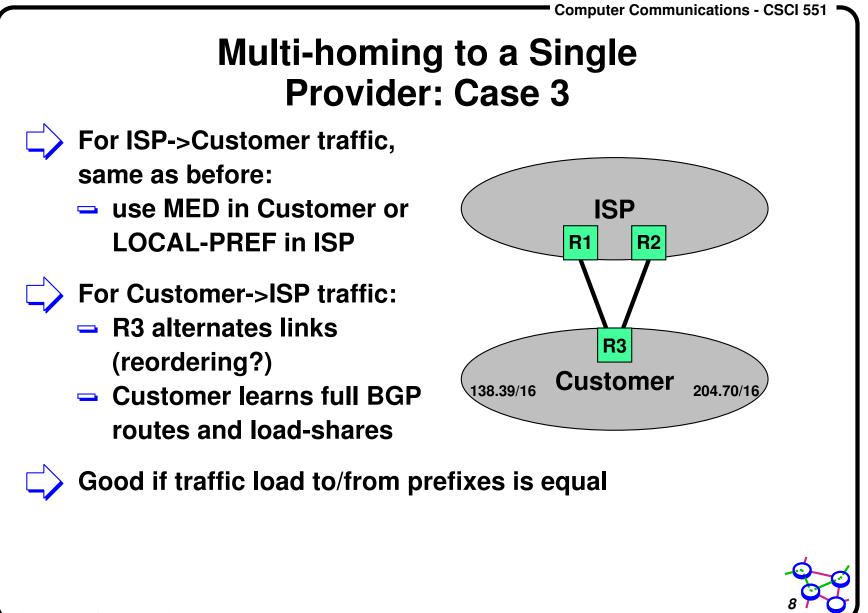


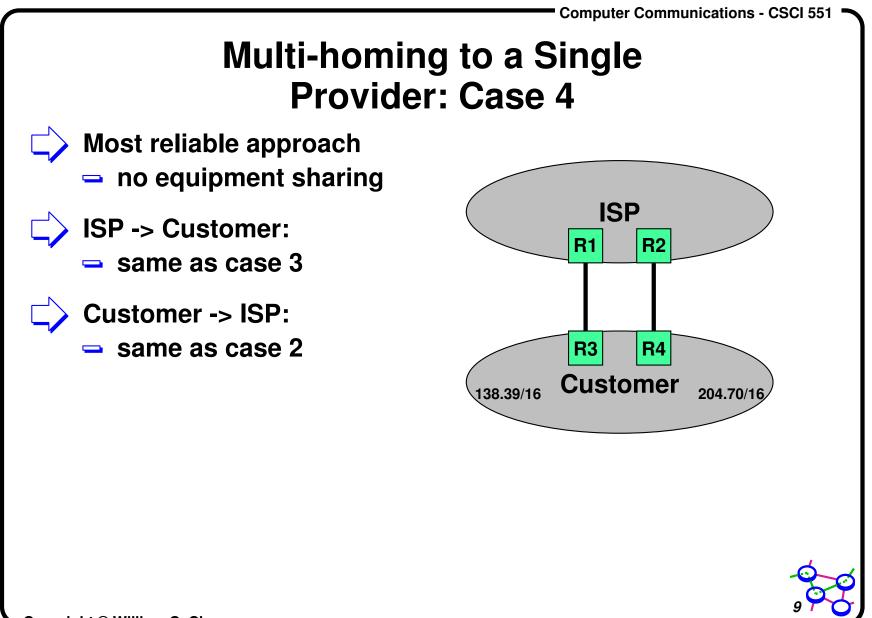


#### Multi-homing to a Single Provider: Case 2

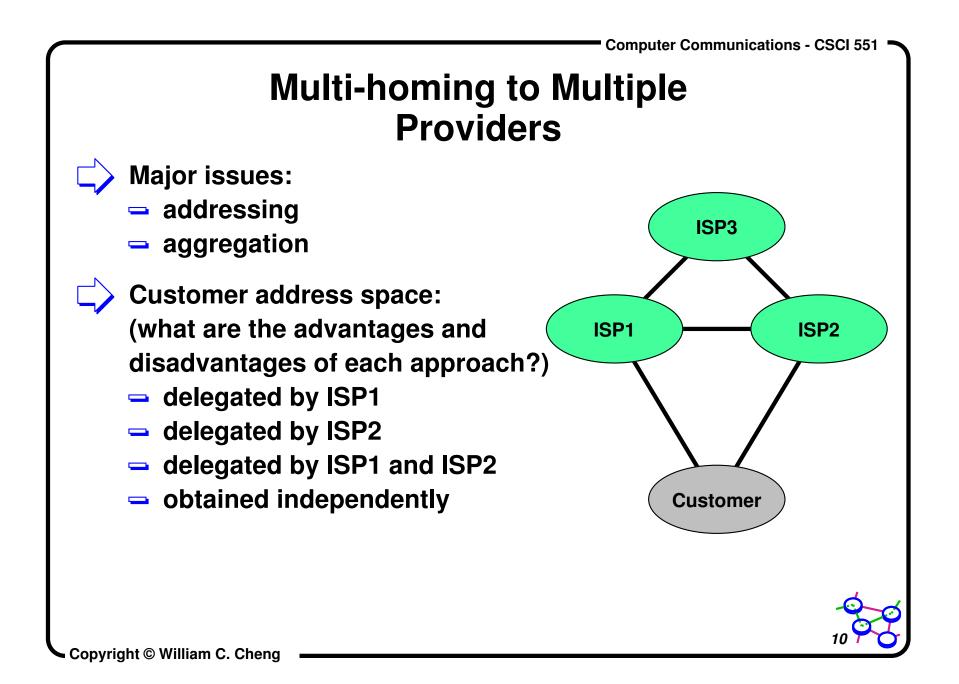
- For ISP-> Customer traffic:
  - use MED in Customer or LOCAL-PREF in ISP
- For Customer->ISP traffic: - break-down prefix and advertise different prefixes over different links with default routes
- Good if traffic load to/from prefixes is equal
  - if single prefix in Customer, only 1 link will be used for ISP->Customer traffic

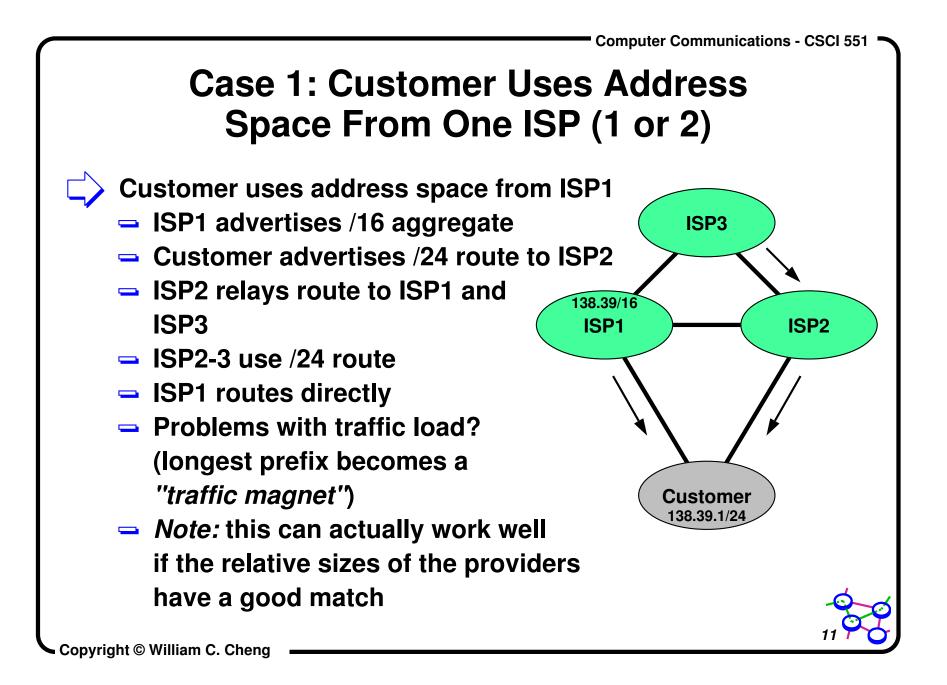


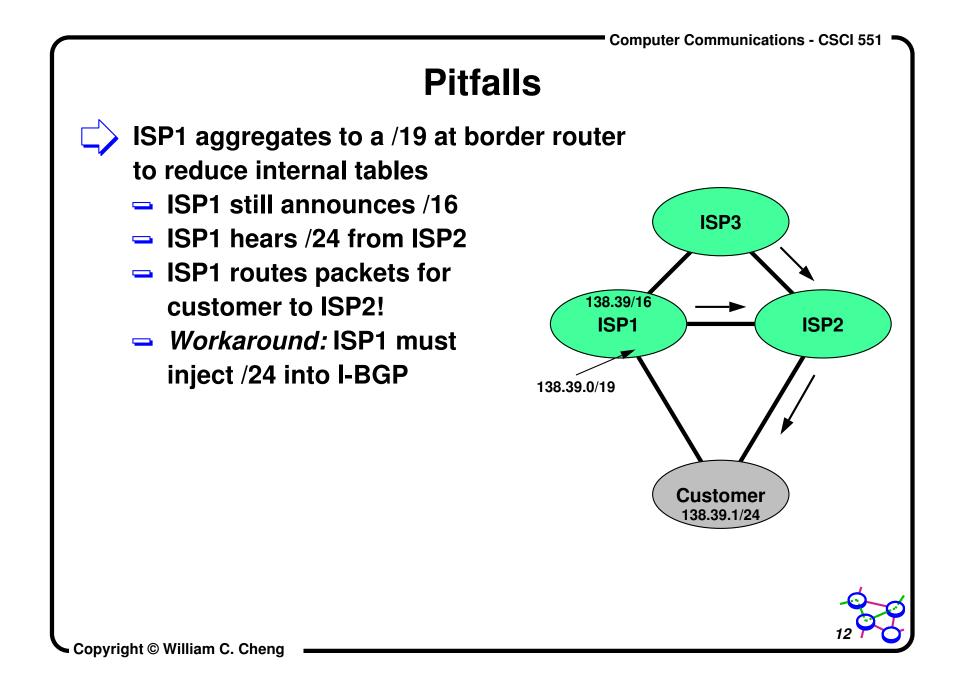


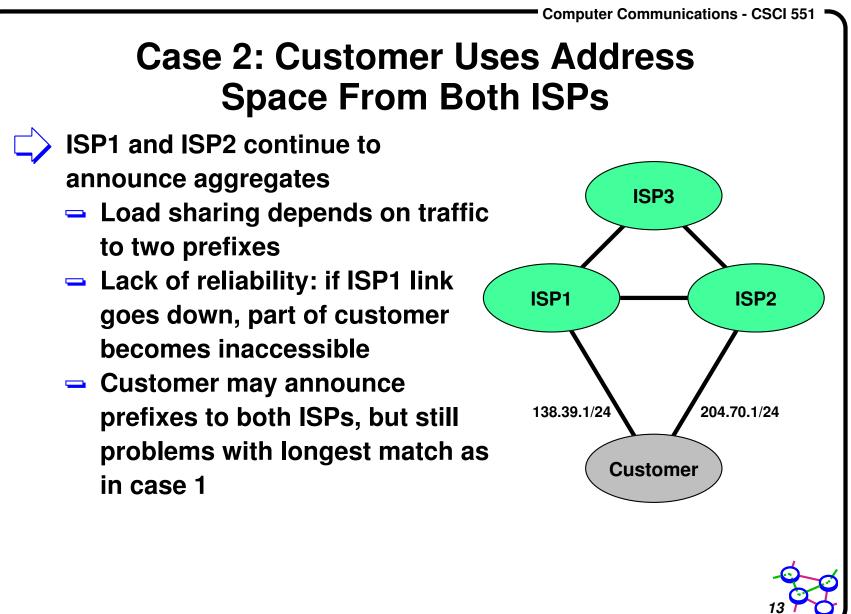


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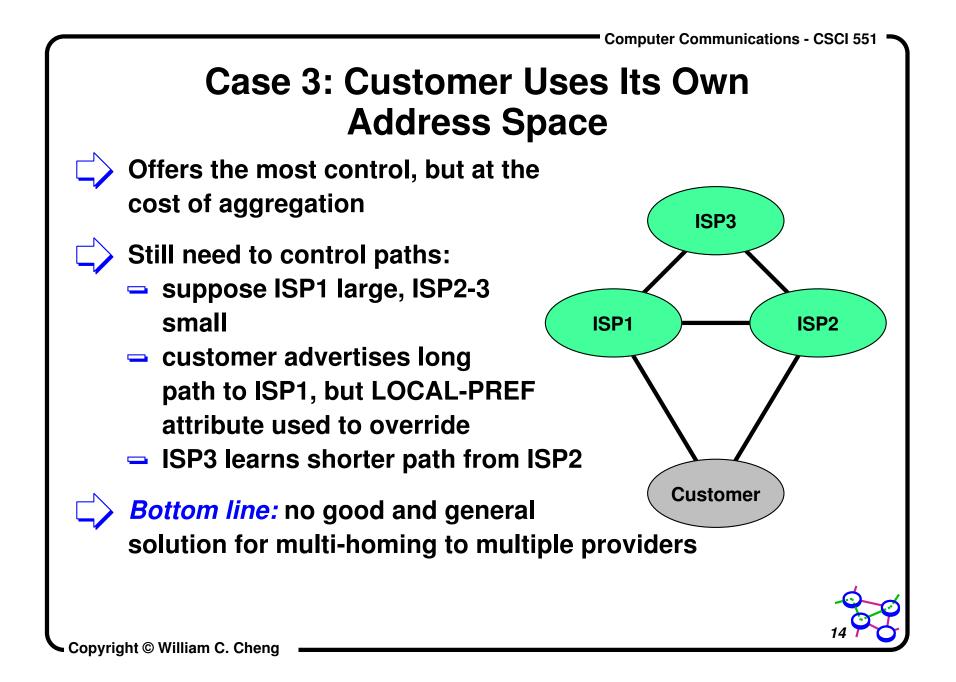


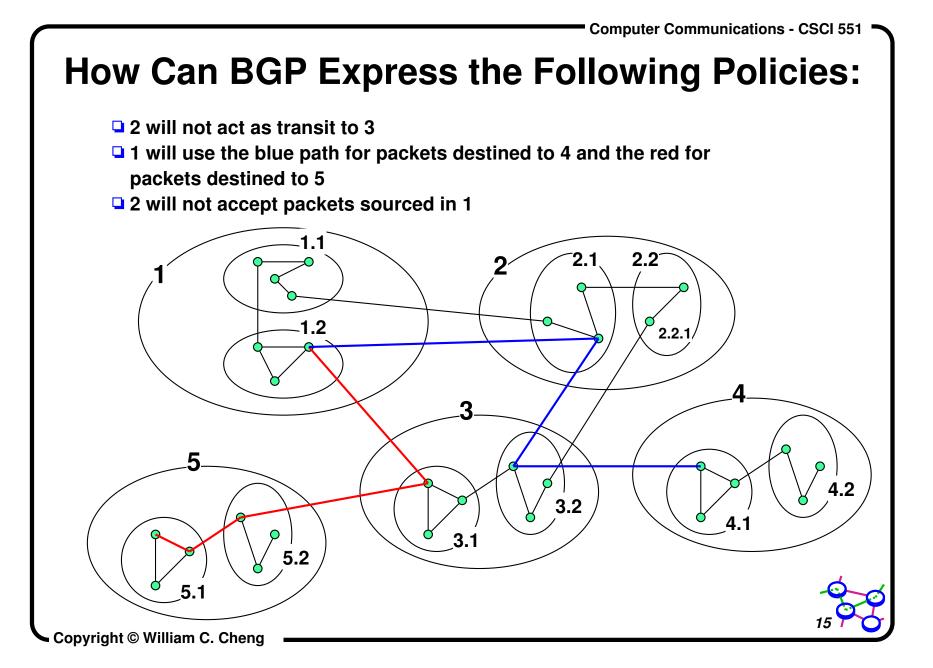


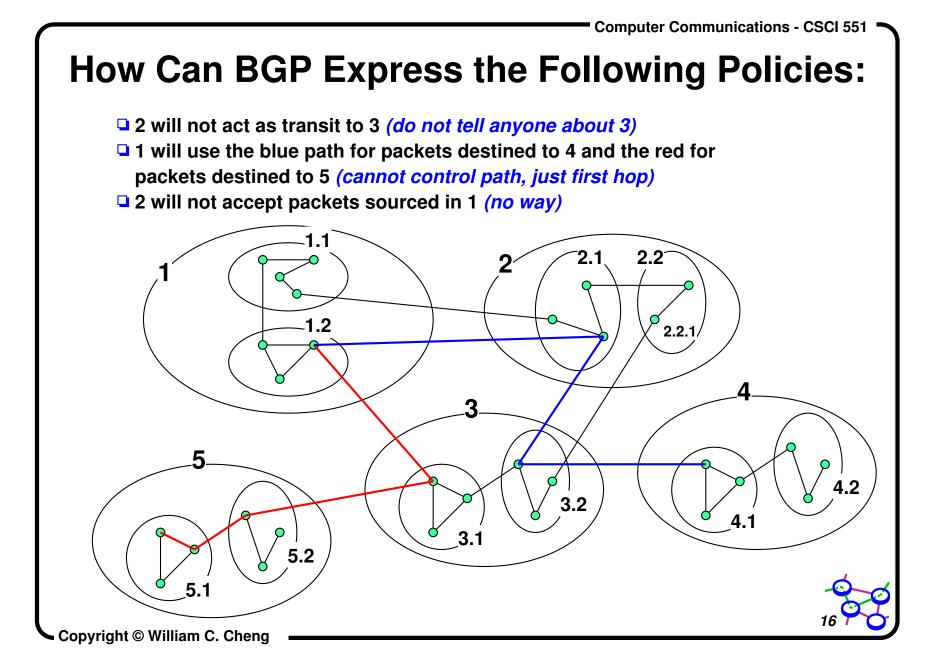




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# **Route Flap Dampening**

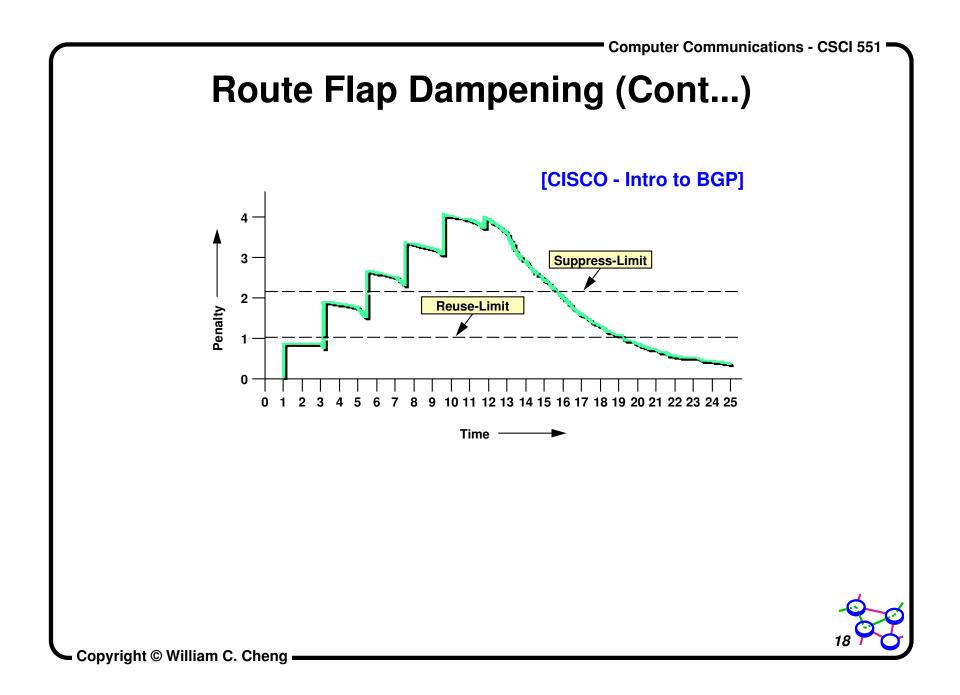
- Problem: route flap when a flaky link constantly goes up and down:
  - BGP sessions disappear and reappear
  - routes are withdrawn and re-advertised
  - global effects (does the flap of a butterfly's wing in Brazil set off a tornado in Texas?)

BGP was extended to dampen route flaps

- Associate a penalty with each route
- increase when route flaps
- exponentially decay penalty with time
- When penalty reaches threshold, suppress route
  - must never forget routes



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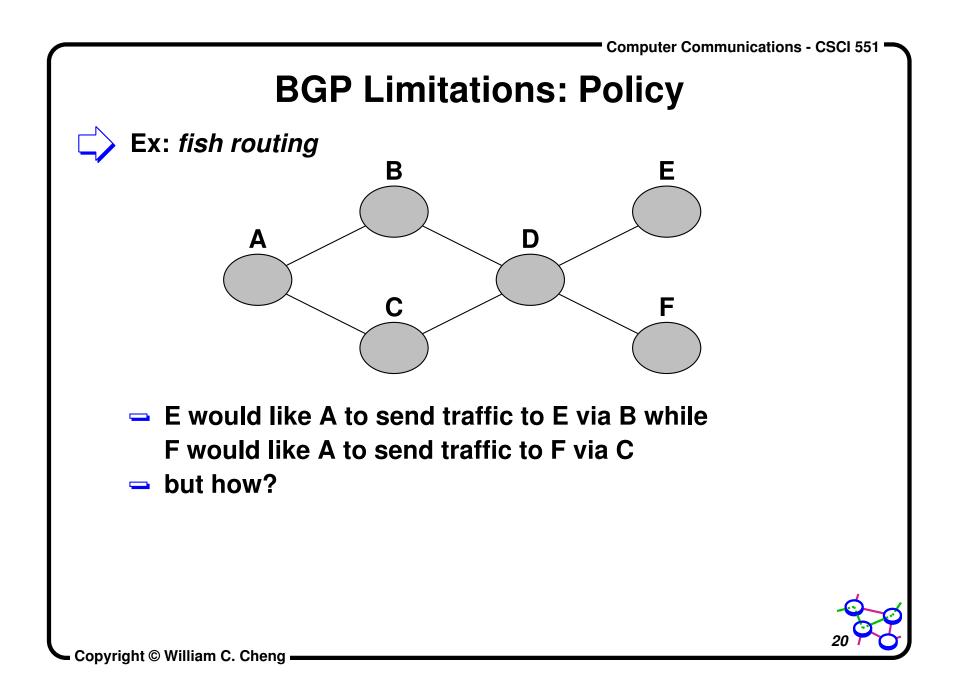




# **Tricky Issues**

- "Synchronizing" intra and inter-domain routing
- Getting packets to the right exit router without introducing too much flux into intra-domain routing
- Multi-homing
  - interaction with aggregation
- How much policy should we actually be able to support???





# **Other BGP-related Issues**

- **Convergence Time [Labovitz00a]**
- Router synchronization [Floyd94b]
- Congestion [Shaikh00a]
- Policy and convergence [Gao00a, Tangmunarunkit01a]
- Misconfiguration [Mahajan02a]
- > Other other issues
  - routing arbiter central DB of policies
  - robustness in the face of router resource exhaustion [Chang, Govindan, Heidemann]



**Computer Communications - CSCI 551** Some BGP Stats (as of 30-Jan-2003) data from Japan BGP routing table entries: 120,000 (bgp-stats@lists.apnic.net)] prefixes after max aggregation: 76,596 Addresses announced: 1,180,368,745 31.8% of available address space announced **57.9%** of the allocated address space announced 55.0% of available address space allocated AS's in Internet routing table: 14,513 origin-only AS's: 12,615 origin-only AS's with only 1 prefix: 5,690 - transit AS's: 1,898 AS path length **—** mean: 5.3 maximum seen: 17