CS551 Warm-up Project #1 Bill Cheng

http://merlot.usc.edu/cs551-f12



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Computer Communications - CSCI 551 **Do You Know What You Are** Sending To The Network? typedef struct tagRegMsg { unsigned short MsgType; unsigned int Offset; unsigned char ServerDelay; unsigned int DataLen; char *Data; } ReqMsq; int SendReq(int n_socket) Ł ReqMsg request; memset(&request, 0, sizeof(ReqMsg)); /* fill up the request data structure */ if (write(n_socket, &request, sizeof(ReqMsq)) == sizeof(ReqMsq)) { return 0; switch (errno) { case EINTR: ... default: fprintf(stderr, "Unrecognized errno %1d in SendReq()\n", errno); break; return (-1);What does sizeof() do? }

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Computer Communications - CSCI 551
                   Examples
ADDR
  client adr nunki.usc.edu:6001 www.cs.usc.edu
  <TAB>ADDR = 128.125.3.104
FILE SIZE
  client fsz nunki.usc.edu:6001 /etc/passwd
  \langle TAB \rangle FILESIZE = 1030
GET
  client get nunki.usc.edu:6001 /bin/less
  <TAB>FILESIZE = 104908, MD5 = f27df2e0...
  client get -o 123 nunki.usc.edu:6001 /bin/less
  <TAB>FILESIZE = 104785, MD5 = eccfd764...
  openssl md5 /bin/less
  MD5(/bin/less) = f27df2e0...
```

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Some Major Requirements for All Projects

- Severe pentalty for failing make
- Severe pentalty for using large memory buffers
- Severe pentalty for any segmentation fault -- you must test your code well
 - Severe pentalty for not using separate compilation or for having all your source code in header files -- you must learn to plan how to write your program

Never do *busy-wait*

- 🛥 run "top" on nunki
- don't stay in a tight loop and poll
 - just sleep for 50-100 milliseconds before poll again
- use blocking I/O and sockets

Separate Compilation

Break up your code into modules

- compile the modules separately, at least one rule per module per rule in the Makefile
- a separate rule to *link* all the modules together
 - if your program requites additional libraries, add them to the link stage
- > To receive full credit for separate compilation
 - to create an executable, at a minimum, you must run the compiler at least *twice* and the linker *once*
 - for warmup #1, there are two executables, they can share modules



Code Design - Functional vs. Procedural

- Don't design your program "procedurally"
- You need to learn how to write functions!
 - a function has a well-defined interface
 - what are the meaning of the parameters
 - what does it suppose to return
 - pre-conditions
 - what must be true when the function is entered
 - you assume that these are true
 - you can verify it if you want
 - post-conditions
 - what must be true when the function returns
 - you design your program by making designing a sequence of function calls



Sticky Issues

• Your server must shutdown gracefully

- wait for all child threads/processes to terminate before the server terminates itself
 - must not kill child threads/processes abruptly
 - send signals to child threads/processes
 - a child thread/process must be prepared to handle this and self-terminates
 - a child thread/process should react as soon as possible
 - since we are read the socket one byte as a time, you should check if it's time to quit after reading a byte or if select () times out (after ~100ms)
 - since we are writing to the socket one byte as a time, you should check if it's time to quit after writing out a byte

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Sticky Issues (Cont...)

Your server must shutdown gracefully (cont...)

- in order to do this, the server needs to know which child thread/process has terminated
 - keep a list of child thread/process IDs
 - more trickly if you use child processes
 - should handle SIGCHLD explicitly (i.e., need to reap child processes)
 - call waitpid() in SIGCHLD handler
 - watch out for a *race condition*



